

BUTTERFLY	CATERPILLAR OR LARVA	PLANT FOOD
Family <u>Nymphalidae</u> <u>nymphs,</u> <u>browns and</u> <u>danaids</u>		
Painted Lady	Varied shades of brown, yellowish grey or green with paler stripe along top and sides, numerous branched spines	Hop goodenia, scaevola, everlastings (Helichrysum), exotics-love daisies, capeweed, scotch thistle
Meadow Argus	Black with many short, thick, branched spines	Hop goodenia, scaevola, everlastings (Helichrysum), exotics-love daisies, capeweed, calendula, verbena, snapdragon
Common Brown	Rear end forked, green with black head, later paler stripes to green, grey, mottled brown with short bristles, head brown	Various grasses, especially the Poa family, kangaroo & kneed wallaby grasses
Australian Admiral	Shades of brown, greyish green or yellow with paler stripes on top and along sides. They feed at night hiding by day among leaves which may be joined together with silk threads	Stinging nettle: Australian (Urtica incisa) and introduced (Urtica urens)
Swordgrass Brown	Forked rear end, yellowish green with paler stripes and sparse hairs, later dense tiny bristles rising from white dots, may have reddish brown band across back, pale green	Swordgrass of the species Gahnia, eg. red-fruit saw-sedge
Wanderer	Black, yellow and white banded	Milkweed species
Family <u>Papilionidae,</u> <u>swallowtails</u>		
Orchard Swallowtail	Similar to bird dropping, growing into a green and white colour	Rutaceae family: native citrus-eremocitrus, correa, eriostemon, boronia, crowea exotic-citrus trees
Dingy Swallowtail	Black with orange to yellow bands, dark bristles and later, light blue and white spots	Rutaceae family: similar to Orchard Swallowtail: native- citrus from the species Eremocitrus and Microcitrus (native limes) exotic-citrus trees
Family <u>Pieridae,</u> <u>whites and</u> <u>yellows</u>		
<i>Cabbage White</i> <i>(European)</i>	most common - velvety green with light stripe along back	<i>Exotic plants, esp. vegetables of the</i>

Import)		Brassicaceae family, eg. cabbage, broccoli & nasturtium
Wood White	very dark with raised white spots and white hairs	Mistletoes mainly species of Amyema and Muellerina spp. and native cherry (Exocarpus)
Common Jezebel	dark brown or olive, rows of white hairs from yellow bases, white hairs on black head	Mistletoes mainly Amyema and Muellerina and some exotics such as oaks and silver birch
Family Lycaenidae blues and coppers		
Common Grass Blue	slug-like green with darker markings, pale line along edges, head can be brown	Native- low growing legumes, austral Indigo, twining glycine Exotic clover, lucerne, soybeans
Saltbush Blue or Chequered Blue		Saltbush, variety of grasses Exotic legumes, clovers, grasses
Common Imperial Blue	pale and speckled, then reddish brown or green later to finally black, white diagonal lines on each segment, spines on back and sides	Acacia/wattle species usually under 2 metres
Fiery Jewel	pinkish grey/brown, paler sides, dark brown dorsal stripe constricted at front of each body segment	Several species of acacia and eucalyptus, native cherry, hop bush, pomaderris, jacksonia, red ash (Alphitonia excelsa)
Family Hesperidae skippers		
Spotted Sedge Skipper	green to pale at sides with white line along each side, orange brown head	Trigger plant, sedges, grass tussocks, matt rushes such as lomandra
Symmomus Skipper	stout, pale pinkish brown dots & brown stripe above, dark head, rough textured	Lomandra spp

More Information

<https://www.bayfonw.org.au/g4ws/butterflies>